### GARDEN BIRD SURVEY INTERIM REPORT for OCTOBER - DECEMBER 1997

We thought you would like to know the results so far. The complete six months will show a totally different set of figures.

Firstly, we have shown the species recorded, the lowest and highest counts and the number of gardens visited during the thirteen weeks of observation. Secondly, we have shown the weather for the same period of time. Thirdly, the number of feeding stations and the various food offered. Fourthly, there are some specific notes.

There were 42 species recorded:

SPECIES	MIN/MAX NUMBERS	No. of GARDENS
Blue tit	5 - 19 assent blos	14 (all)
House sparrow	4 - 40	11. Willity, Wet.
Blackbird	3 - 8 word bloome	
Starling	- gala 1 -110 also bus salad	. 13: Foll on Sunday.
Robin	1 - 3	basillay
Great tit	2 - 15	OF NEW PROPERTY CHEEKS
Collared dove	2 - 9	and and additional Head of the second
Coal tit	1 - 4	a a granding
Chaffinch	2 - 16	13
Magpie	1 - 5	Was well through
Greenfinch	2 - 35	11 3003
Dunnock	1 - 4	12
Wren	1 - 2	11
Wood pigeon	sang 11 - 5 molitum beginse	
Crow		9
Goldfinch	elage 1 - 6 sies beend lee	
Sparrowhawk	2 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	See Ford December 1980 Less Co.
Long tailed tit	1 - 25	8
Song thrush	1 - 2	7
Blackheaded gull	rebose 1 -no7 mibes 1 member 1	O .
Pied wagtail	s in mile 4 and element i	
Nuthatch	1 - 2 madeal same at	hap early the 5 hon and
Siskin	a a se 1 - 3 -	
Great spotted woodpecker	1 - 2	
Goldcrest	eligas an publical (abriblished)	
Redwing	1 - 3	4 2010/06 600 4
Blackcap	and real - 2 and arruser w	
Mistle thrush	1 - 12(?)	tem inch aminagholta
Treecreeper		one ow alone 3 ml is not
Jackdaw	2 - 6	erredest in dealers.
Chiffchaff	1	2
House martin	1 - 6	gar eut daer <b>n</b> e blook s
Redpol1		glislooged #/evolation
Fieldfare	1 - 5 228 4843 48 08	d franciscopie min eligipe
Grey wagtarr	of Pinds wisiting the gardens	1
Pheasant	have participated t ${f l}$ is year ${f p}$	ody cand: I'll alarms a
Marsh/Willow tit	1	. verue odi" moqque i
Jay	oed robingoo exemple were smeat	"
neron		of these are product by
Kestrel	1	
Bullfinch	1	11
Tree sparrow	was a live of the	11

## Total number of birds seen in all 14 gardens:

Starling 545: House sparrow 280: Blue tit 118: Blackbird 66: Collared dove 62: Great tit 58: Coal tit 27: Robin 22.

WEATHER: Minimum temperature 23°F, maximum temperature 65°F.

Week 1. Some rain. Mild/warm.

- 2. Mixed. Some heavy rain. Cooler.
- 3. Cold mid week, bright and clear.
- 4. Early morning frost. Cold NE winds.
- 5. Early morning frost, bright and clear.
- 6. Mild. Showers.
- 7. Cooler. Showers.
- 8. Strong winds and showers. Cold.
- 9. Heavy showers. Cold.
- 10. Heavy frost and cold. Showers at end of week.
- 11. Windy. Wet.
- 12. Strong winds. Very cold. Snow mid week.
- 13. Fog on Sunday. Gales and rain at beginning of week. Damp and wet towards weekend.

## FEEDING STATIONS per garden ranged from:

Hanging 2 - 8.

Table 1 - 4.

Ground 1 - 2.

Roof 1.

#### Food offered:

Black sunflower seeds, striped sunflower seeds, peanuts, mixed seed, British Finch mixture, bread, fat balls/bars, cheese, fat trimmings cut to 1" lengths, chicken carcase, wholemeal bread, cake crumbs, apples, suet, baked potato skins, scones, uncooked sweet pastry balls, pork crackling and fat.

#### NOTES:

Two people recorded goldfinches feeding on lavender seeds and one person saw them feeding from a nut cage. There were two reports of sparrowhawks feeding on blue tits and great tits and in one instance feeding on a collared dove. An early visit from a redwing was recorded in week 2. One siskin was seen during week 11 in one garden, none having been seen there since January 1995. In the same garden a fieldfare was seen with blackbirds, feeding on apples. House martins were seen in two gardens during week 1, but none later.

There have been six fewer returns than last year but we hope for increased participation next year. The recording does not take up much time each week and over a few years we should be able to build up a true picture of increases or decreases in numbers.

We would stress the importance of filling in the 'B' forms as they add meat to the survey, especially when unusual or exceptional behaviour is seen. The weather reports are important too, as they are interesting in themselves and have a bearing on the numbers of birds visiting the gardens.

We thank all those who have participated this year and hope they will continue to support the survey.

If you are not a participant now please consider becoming one and have pen, paper and binoculars ready for next October.

Row and Doreen Jours

Starling 545; Mouse sportow 200; Blue tit 118; Blackbird 66; Collared Cove 62;

## GARDEN BIRD SURVEY INTERIM REPORT for OCTOBER - DECEMBER 1997

When the maximum count appears as a fraction, e.g. Starling  $\frac{62}{10}$  in column No.2, this means during 3 of the thirteen weeks none were seen.

No:	1	2	3	5	8	11_	18	29	31	34	35	36	38	39
Wks. rec.	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	12	13	11	13	12	12	12
Blue tit	5	12	8	6	5	6	19	13	4	8	7	10	$\frac{7}{10}$	8
House sparrow	8	12	29	28	4	18	17	31	36	26	6	24	$\frac{1}{3}$	40
Blackbird	8	3 8	6	8	4	3 11	$\frac{3}{10}$	4	4 8	5 10	5 12	6	<u>2</u> 5	5
Starling	40	62 10	110	51	50 12	(50)	$\frac{1}{1}$	36	26 10	10 1	20 11	44	<u>25</u> <u>9</u>	(20)
Robin	2 9	1	1	2	3	1	2	2	$\frac{1}{12}$	2	$\frac{1}{12}$	2	$\frac{1}{10}$	1
Great tit	3	4	. 2	$\frac{2}{12}$	4 12	4	8	3	$\frac{2}{12}$	<del>4</del> <del>9</del>	15	2	$\frac{2}{4}$	3
Chaffinch	10	<u>5</u>	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{7}{12}$	$\frac{2}{9}$	13	16	8	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	6	6	-	3 7
Dunnock	-	$\frac{1}{4}$	<u>1</u> 9	2	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	2 12	$\frac{2}{8}$	4	1 3	-	$\frac{3}{10}$
Coll. dove	9	49	5	4	7	<u>2</u> 9	6	5	4 12	$\frac{2}{10}$	<u>2</u> 9	4	$\frac{3}{6}$	5
Magpie	4	$\frac{1}{5}$	3	4	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	3	3 11	5	-	2 8
Greenfinch	6	$\frac{7}{11}$	4/4	6 11	4 7	5	35	<del>7</del> 11	-	<u>2</u> 3	14 10	5	<u>5</u> 8	4/7
Vren	-	$\frac{1}{5}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	<u>2</u> 9	-	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	<u>2</u> 8	-	$\frac{2}{10}$
Crow	2	-	-	$\frac{2}{6}$	2/8	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	$\frac{2}{10}$	-	<u>2</u> 5	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	-	$\frac{2}{6}$
Coal tit	4	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	2	2	$\frac{2}{12}$	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	3 3	2
P. wagtail	$\frac{1}{3}$	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{6}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	4 11	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{4}$
Song thrush	$\frac{1}{3}$	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	$\frac{1}{5}$
Black h. gull	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	$\frac{2}{1}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	<u>3</u>	-	-	5 9	-	$\frac{7}{3}$
Nuthatch	<u>2</u> 6	-	-	-	-	-	1	$\frac{2}{6}$	-	$\frac{1}{5}$	<u>2</u> 4	-	-	-
Mistle thrush	-	_	7	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	12(3	) -	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	3 3	-	-	-	-
Siskin	-	-	-	3/2	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	<u>2</u> 1	-	-	-	2 1	-	$\frac{1}{1}$
Goldfinch	$\frac{1}{1}$	<u>6</u> 3	-	<u>4</u> 3	-	<u>5</u> 8	3 3	<u>5</u> 3	<u>2</u> 1	-	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-
W. pigeon	4 10	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	4/3	2	-	<u>2</u> 3	<u>5</u> 4	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	2/2	3 4	-	$\frac{1}{3}$
Goldcrest	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	_	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	_	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	1 5	-	$\frac{1}{1}$

No.	1	2	3	5	8	11	18	29	31	34	35	36	38	39
Wks. rec.	12	12	13	13	13	13	13	12	13	11	13	712	12	12
G.S.W'pecker	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	_	$\frac{1}{1}$	1 12	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$
Treecreeper	$\frac{2}{1}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-
Grey wagtail	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Redwing	-	-	-	3 1	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	$\frac{2}{1}$
Pheasant	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
M/W tit	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Jackdaw	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 1	-	$\frac{2}{3}$	-	6	-	-
Jay	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-
H. martin	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	6 1
Heron	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-
Kestre1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{3}$	-	-	-
Bullfinch	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-
Redpol1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2/2	-	12 2
Fieldfare	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>5</u> 1	-	$\frac{1}{1}$
Tree sparrow	-	-	-	- 1	- i	-	<u>6</u> 11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
L.T. tit	$\frac{3}{1}$	-	-	-	<u>6</u> 2	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	12/3	-	$\frac{7}{3}$	4/2	25	-	$\frac{2}{1}$
Blackcap	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{3}$
Chiffchaff	-	-	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{3}$
0 1 1														1

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{3}$ 

 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

 $\frac{1}{1}$ 

Sparrowhawk

 $\frac{2}{2}$ 

#### GARDEN BIRD SURVEY REPORT for JANUARY - MARCH 1998

We have shown the number of species recorded, the lowest and highest counts and the number of gardens visited during the thirteen weeks of observation. We have repeated those from October to December 1997 so that you can compare them. The weather reports are from John Barker's very detailed record and agree with those recorded by others. Food offered is also listed, followed by specific notes from each contributor's records.

OCTOBER - DECEMBE	R 1	997	M M Sarki	JANUARY - MARCH 199		
SPECIES	MI	N/MAX	GARDENS	SPECIES	MIN/MAX	GARDENS
Blue tit	5	19	14(a11)	Starling	1 60	13(all)
House sparrow	4	40	CHIDD ISS. I	Blue tit	1 20	11
Blackbird	3	8	11 9 1 0	Chaffinch	1 20	11
Starling	1	110	Entered a facility	Blackbird	1 6	11
Robin	1	3	11 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Collared dove	1 5	11 27
Great tit	2	15	11	Wood pigeon	1 6	11
Collared dove	2	9	8 H 8 S DEE	Magpie	1 6	11
Coal tit	1	4	11	Robin	1 2	11
Chaffinch_	2	16	13	Great tit	1 9	12
Magpie	1	5	11	Dunnock	1 4	11
Greenfinch	2	35	11	Greenfinch	1 21	THE WATER
Dunnock	1	4	12	Song thrush	1 2	11
-Wren-	1	2	11	Siskin	1 9	11
Wood pigeon	1	5	11	House sparrow	1 38	11
Crow	1	2	9	Wren	1 2	11
Goldfinch	1	6	11	Coal tit	1 3	11
Sparrowhawk	1	2	11 0 15	Crow	1 3	9
Long tailed tit	1	25	8	Goldfinch	1 19	11
Song thrush	1	2	7 mm had	Long tailed tit	1 13	TS HO JOS
Black headed gull		7	6	Sparrowhawk	1	8
Pied wagtail	1	4	11 200 2 34	Pied wagtail	1 2	7
Nuthatch	1	2	5	Black headed gull	1 9	
Siskin	1		11			6
Gt. spot. w'pecke	_1 _1	3 2	to History	Jackdaw	1 36	5
	11	1	11	× Reed bunting	1 3	3
Goldcrest	1		mar seems to a	Bullfinch	1 2	11
Redwing	1	3	4		1 2	11
Blackcap Mistle thrush	1	2 12	II of the	Mistle thrush	1 3	de 11 (1 2 o
	1	2	3	Nuthatch	1 2	
Treecreeper	2		3	Goldcrest	1	2
Jackdaw Chiffchaff	2	6		Blackcap	1 3	11.
	1	1	2	Tree sparrow	2 9	11
House martin	1	6	11	>-Brambling	1 2	
Redpoll	2	12	BC 88 158	Less.b.backed gull	1	1 11
Fieldfare	1	5	1	Pheasant	1	110
		1	1	Marsh tit	1	
Pheasant			ionilios gaili			11,4
Marsh/Willow tit			ed"s bedon	1101 011	1	result a
Jay		1	entrospe.	Yellowhammer	1	20.11.0
Heron		1	"	Redpol1	1	en eller
× Kestrel		1	11	There seems had throughful		
Bullfinch		1	One in the state	(4)	5)	
Tree sparrow		1	crop outs de	moratt bansan datele sheed	- Ca	a han

#### OCTOBER - DECEMBER 1997:

14 Gardens: Starling 545: House sparrow 280: Blue tit 118: Blackbird 66: Collared dove 62: Great tit 58: Coal tit 27: Robin 22.

#### JANUARY - MARCH 1998:

13 Gardens: Starling 453: Blue tit 100: Chaffinch 85: Blackbird 57: Collared dove 53: Wood pigeon 44: Magpie 36: Robin 24.

#### WEATHER REPORT. Temperatures in Fahrenheit.

- Wk. 14
- 3.1,98 One frost, rain every day almost  $\frac{1}{2}$ " on 3rd. 0.1. One frost 30°. Gales on Sunday. Wet all week, over 1" rain Wind W-SW. 15 10.1.
  - Warm spell continuing. Temp. upper 40's. Rain on 6 days  $\frac{3}{4}$ ". 16 17.1.
  - Turning cooler. Still wet over  $\frac{1}{2}$ " rain. Wind NW-N. Five frosts 17 24.1. minimum 25°.
  - No rain, very little sun. Four frosts, minimum 25°. Daytime temp. 31.1. 18 fallen.
  - Three frosts, minimum 26°. Wind N.NW., turning to S.W. Sunny spells. 19 7.2.
  - Wind S.W. all week. Rain on three days. Temp. rising 60° on 13th. 20 14.2.
  - Rain on 21st. Wind S.W. N.W. back to S.W. 15th & 16th dust 21.2. 21 coverings from Algeria and Morocco. Very little sun. Temp in 50's.
  - Frost on two days 31°. Wind N.W. Almost  $\frac{1}{2}$ " rain in week. 22 28.2
  - 23 7.3.
  - Wet week. 1.79". Snow on 4th. Wind S.W. N.W.
    Two frosts 30°. Wind mainly N.- N.W. Rain on five days, still 24 14.3. very little sun.
  - One frost just 32°. Wind N.W. all week. Again mainly cloudy. 25 21.3. Dry. Temp. low to mid 50's.
  - Again little sun. Rain on four days. Wind N.W. S.W. Temp. on 26 28.3 28th was 63°.

RAINFALL: JANUARY 0.76" above normal.

FEBRUARY'1" below normal.

MARCH 1.05" above normal.

FEEDING STATIONS: Hanging 1 - 8: Table 1 - 3: Ground 1 - 2.

Food offered: Black sunflower seeds, striped sunflower seeds, mixed seed, canary seed, niger seed, British finch mixture, bread, fat balls/bars, cheese, fat trimmings, chicken and turkey carcases, wholemeal bread, cake crumbs, apples, suet, baked potato skins, scones, uncooked sweet pastry balls, pork crackling.

NOTES. Everyone had something interesting to tell or an exceptional count.

- No.1 Hilary Clowes, (Wistaston), had the largest gathering of starlings at one time - 60 and the least - one!
- No.2 Brian & Joan Perkins, (Crewe), achieved their highest ever count of blue tits, 15 and of goldfinches, 19. They saw their first siskin for two years. Song thrush and reed bunting visited in March.
- No.3 John & Wendy Smith, (Alsager), lured an immature lesser black backed gull with a turkey carcase.
- No.5 Dave & Elaine Meakin, (Crewe), recorded 38 sparrows on two separate occasions.
- No.8 Bob Smith, (Shavington), after spreading compost on his lawn was visited by a worm-seeking song thrush. He also noted a bat flitting among the garden trees at 2.30 p.m. in mid-February. Blackbirds and robins showing territorial aggression in the middle of January.
- No.18 Ann Pym, (Swettenham), had tree sparrows every week she recorded, peaking at nine in mid-January. She also had double figures of chaffinches every week and a sparrowhawk which passed through the garden most days and occasionally took blue or great tits. A brambling was seen during the last week (26).
- No.29 Doug Hambleton, (Nantwich), recorded a 'first' in his garden of a black backed gull, and a visit of 36 jackdaws. Goldfinches fed on niger and canary
- No.31 John Barker, (Crewe), reported goldfinches feeding this time on evening primrose. Siskins fed on the nut cage during their one week visit.
- No.34 Brian & Margaret Nightingale, (Biddulph), had two bramblings and a mistle thrush towards the end of March. Coal tits visited their garden every week.

- No.35 Ron & Doreen Jones, (Church Lawton), saw moorhens, mallards, swans and Canada geese on the pool beyong the end of their garden, pheasants at the base of the boundary hedge and grey heron on the pool and overflying the garden (none of which can be counted). A sparrowhawk patrolled the garden and surrounding area regularly.
- No.36 Geoff Yarwood, (Holmes Chapel), says siskins are his 'resident' birds. They have been recorded every week and a count of nine was recorded the first week in February. They feed from the nut cages.
- No.38 Ann & Tom Davies, (Middlewich), recorded a magpie on the roof, a heron over-flying the garden and a female blackbird began nest building during week 26.
- No.39 Chris Green, (Wistaston), started the New Year well with a great spotted woodpecker feeding on the nuts. Siskins took food from the nut cage and from the open table. He had a blackcap (female) on the nut feeder. At the end of January an adult buzzard soared over the house and area being mobbed by a carrion crow. He noticed dunnocks pairing early in the year with a display of wing flicking. Robins and blackbirds started nest building and nesting during the last two weeks in March.

Finally, we thank everyone of the participants for taking part and making it worthwhile to do the paperwork. More participants please — it would make it even more worthwhile!

Ron and Doreen Jones

# GARDEN BIRD SURVEY REPORT JANUARY - MARCH 1998

When the maximum count appears as a fraction, e.g. Blue tit  $\frac{2}{7}$  in column No.2 this means during 6 of the thirteen weeks none were seen.

No:	1	2	3	5	8	18	29	31	34	35	36	38	39
Wks. rec.	13	13	13	13	13	12	13	13	12	13	13	13	12
Blue tit	5	15	3	7	6 12	20	9	3 10	12 12	8	4	2 7	6 12
House sparrow	8	13	23	38	2 6	8 12	27	32	20 12	10	21	-	(30)
Blackbird	5	3	6	5	5	$\frac{2}{12}$	6	3	3 12	6	5	$\frac{2}{11}$	6 12
Starling	(60)	57	(50)	'50	30	$\frac{3}{1}$	33	(40)	$\frac{12}{4}$	(45)	45	$\frac{3}{3}$	25 12
Robin	2 10	2	2	2	$\frac{2}{12}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	2	<u>1</u>	$\frac{2}{12}$	2	2	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{2}{12}$
Great tit	3	3	2	2	2	$\frac{9}{12}$	3	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{7}{12}$	8	$\frac{2}{10}$	-	$\frac{2}{7}$
Chaffinch	8	6	3	8	6	20 12	8	$\frac{1}{11}$	$\frac{4}{12}$	8	7	<u>2</u> 1	4 12
Dunnock	2 5	-	2	2	2	$\frac{1}{7}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	2	$\frac{3}{12}$	3	2 8	<u>2</u> 9	$\frac{4}{12}$
Coll. dove	4	4 7	3	6	5 12	<u>5</u> 12	4	4	$\frac{3}{12}$	4	4	$\frac{2}{6}$	5 12
Magpie	4	2 4	$\frac{2}{11}$	3	<u>2</u> 10	$\frac{2}{12}$	<u>2</u> 5	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	4	6 12	$\frac{1}{1}$	4/4
Greenfinch	5	8 11	4 9	6	<u>2</u> <del>7</del>	$\frac{21}{12}$	5 12	-	$\frac{2}{7}$	17	4	3 7	5 12
Wren	-	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	1	$\frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{10}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	-	$\frac{1}{12}$
Crow	3	-	-	$\frac{2}{12}$	2	-	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	3 4	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	-	$\frac{1}{4}$
Coal tit	2 5	-	2 8	2 3	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{2}{12}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{3}{12}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{6}$	-	$\frac{2}{7}$
Pied wagtail	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{7}$	-	-
Song thrush	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{2}{7}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{2}{5}$	-	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{3}$
Bl. head gull	4 2	-	6 1	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	6/4	-	-	9 11	-	-
Nuthatch	_	-	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{12}$	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-
Mi. thrush	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	3 3	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	_
Siskin	3 5	$\frac{2}{3}$	5 6	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	<u>5</u> 7	$\frac{2}{1}$	$\frac{2}{6}$	$\frac{2}{1}$	9	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{6}{11}$
Goldfinch	<u>2</u> 5	19	-	6 9	-	6 8	6	4/2	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	6 9	<u>4</u> 12	-

•		EN B	-	SURV.	Darrison Contraction	EPORT	JANUA						00
No:	1	2	3	5	8	18	29	31	34	35	36	38	39
Wks. rec.	13	13	13	13	13	12	13	13	12	13	13	13	12
W. pigeon	$\frac{4}{12}$	$\frac{2}{11}$	$\frac{2}{10}$	$\frac{6}{12}$	5 12	$\frac{2}{12}$	- 6	$\frac{2}{4}$	3 4	<u>6</u> 11	47	$\frac{1}{12}$	2/8
L. t. tit	2 2	$\frac{2}{1}$	13 3	-	-	6 3	8 5	-	4 6	8 8	<u>5</u>	-	$\frac{2}{1}$
Sparrowhawk	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{12}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	$\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	-	$\frac{1}{1}$
Jackdaw	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	36 3	-	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{2}{2}$	7	-	-
Reed bunting	-	$\frac{1}{1}$		1 1	-	$\frac{3}{2}$	-	٤	-	-	-	-	-
L.B.B.gull	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Goldcrest	-	-	$\frac{1}{6}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1/3	-	-
Bullfinch	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-
B1ackcap	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3/4
Gt. sp.w'p.	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{12}$	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{12}$	-	-	$\frac{1}{1}$
Tree sparrow	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{9}{12}$	-	-	-	$\frac{2}{12}$	-	-	-
Pheasant	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{3}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Brambling	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{12}$	-	-	2/2	-	-	-	-
Marsh tit	-	-	-	-	-	$\frac{1}{4}$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-